

KCL: A constraint-based record & functional language mainly used in cloud-native configuration and policy scenarios.

Pengfei Xu (Ant Group)

Aug. 2023

Agenda

01 Background

02 Concepts

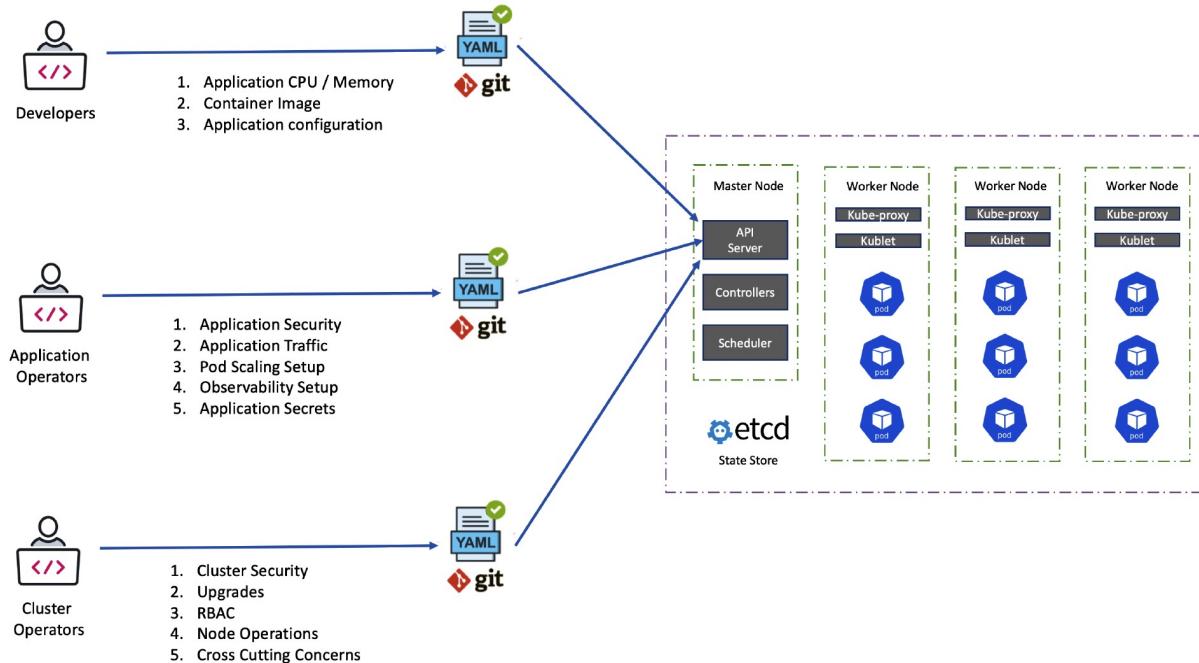
03 Architecture

04 Evaluation

Background

01

Background



Cognitive Loading

- Complex infrastructure and platform concepts
- Kubernetes is a platform of platform, lack of lightweight declarative configuration composition methods at client side

Static Config

- YAML Bloat
- Burdensome and configuration drift for all involved teams

Low Efficiency/Reliability

- Lack of standardized testing and validation methods
- Lack of effective tools for team collaboration

Reduce the **burden** of infrastructure for developers and improve the **efficiency** of configuration management

Declarative Application Management in Kubernetes: https://docs.google.com/document/d/1cLPGweVEYrVqQvBLjq6sxV-TrE5Rm2MNOBA_cxZP2WU/edit#

CNCF Platforms White Paper: <https://tag-app-delivery.cncf.io/whitepapers/platforms/>

Google SRE Workbook: <https://sre.google/workbook/configuration-specifics/>

Why KCL

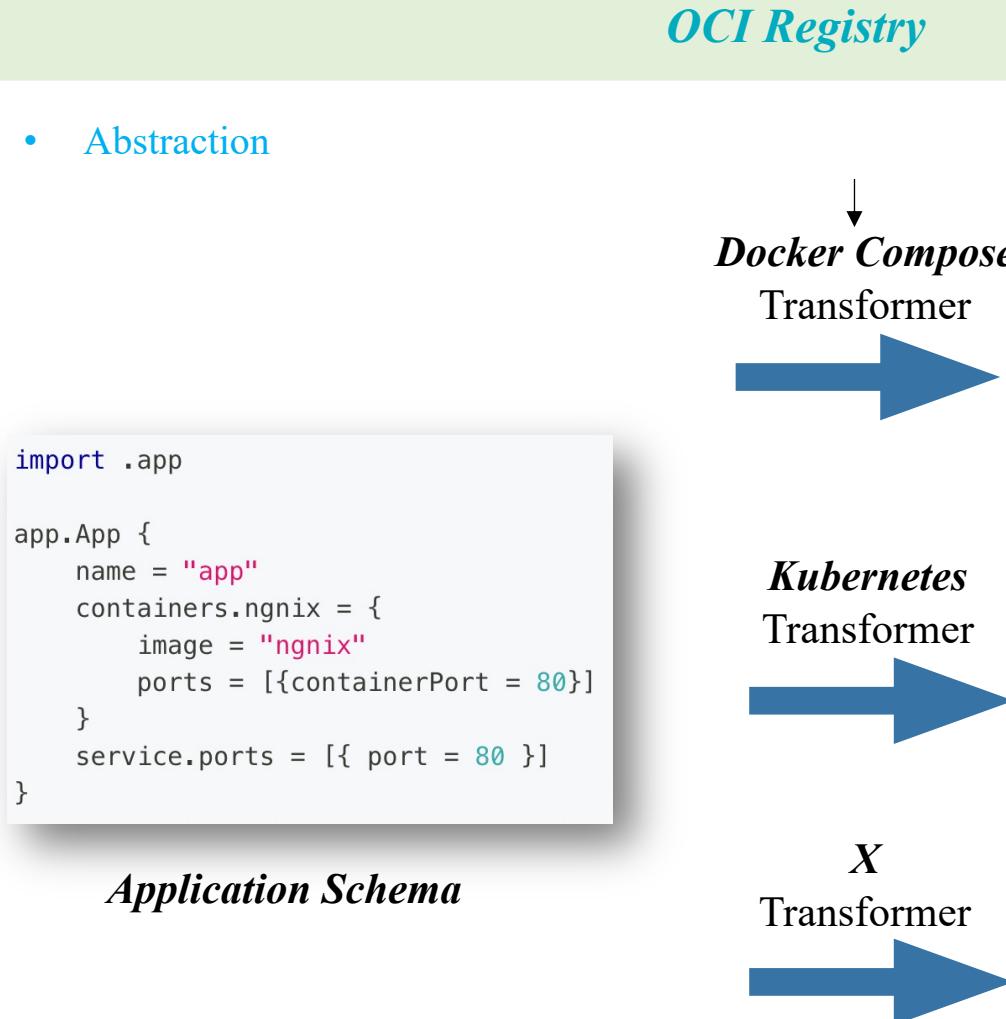


- *Hide infrastructure and platform details to reduce the burden of developers.*
 - Abstraction
 - Solve issues on YAML/Template bloat
 - Language enhancement: logic, type, function and package.
- *Large-scale configuration management without side effects cross teams.*
 - Stability
 - Scalability
 - Automation
 - High performance
 - Package management
- *Enhancement for configuration tools e.g., Helm, Kustomize, kpt.*
 - Mutation
 - Validation

Concepts

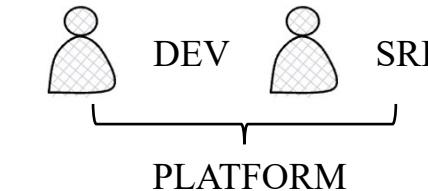
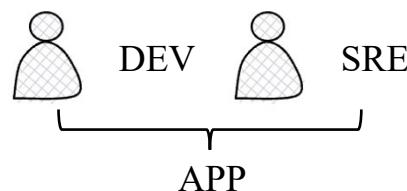
02

Configuration *Standalone KCL*



```
services:
  app:
    image: nginx
    ports:
      - published: 80
        target: 80
        protocol: TCP
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: app
  labels:
    app: app
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: app
```



- Validation: Use KCL schema and rule to validate resources
 - Mutation: Use KCL Function to transform resources.
-
- ✓ *Declarative and application-centric configuration interface that developers can understand*
 - ✓ *Scalable and dynamic configuration management*
 - ✓ *Separation of concerns*
 - ✓ *Real time errors/warnings with schema and constraints*
 - ✓ *Package management and OCI Registry support*

Configuration KRM KCL



- Mutation

```
apiVersion: krm.kcl.dev/v1alpha1
kind: KCLRun
metadata:
  name: set-annotations
  metadata:
    annotations:
      krm.kcl.dev/version: 0.0.1
      krm.kcl.dev/type: mutation
    documentation: >-
      Add or change annotations
spec:
  params:
    toAdd:.addValue
  source: oci://ghcr.io/kcl-lang/set-annotation
```

- Validation

```
apiVersion: krm.kcl.dev/v1alpha1
kind: KCLRun
metadata:
  name: https-only
  metadata:
    annotations:
      krm.kcl.dev/version: 0.0.1
      krm.kcl.dev/type: validation
    documentation: >-
      Requires Ingress resources to be HTTPS only. Ingress resources must
      include the `kubernetes.io/ingress.allow-http` annotation, set to `false`.
      By default a valid TLS {} configuration is required, this can be made
      optional by setting the `tlsOptional` parameter to `true`.
      More info: https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/services-networking/ingress/#tls
spec:
  source: oci://ghcr.io/kcl-lang/https-only
```

- Abstraction

```
apiVersion: krm.kcl.dev/v1alpha1
kind: KCLRun
metadata:
  name: web-service
  metadata:
    annotations:
      krm.kcl.dev/version: 0.0.1
      krm.kcl.dev/type: abstraction
    documentation: >-
      Web service application abstraction
spec:
  params:
    name: app
  containers:
    nginx:
      image: nginx
      ports:
        containerPort: 80
    labels:
      name: app
  source: oci://ghcr.io/kcl-lang/web-service
```

input KRM items

functionConfig

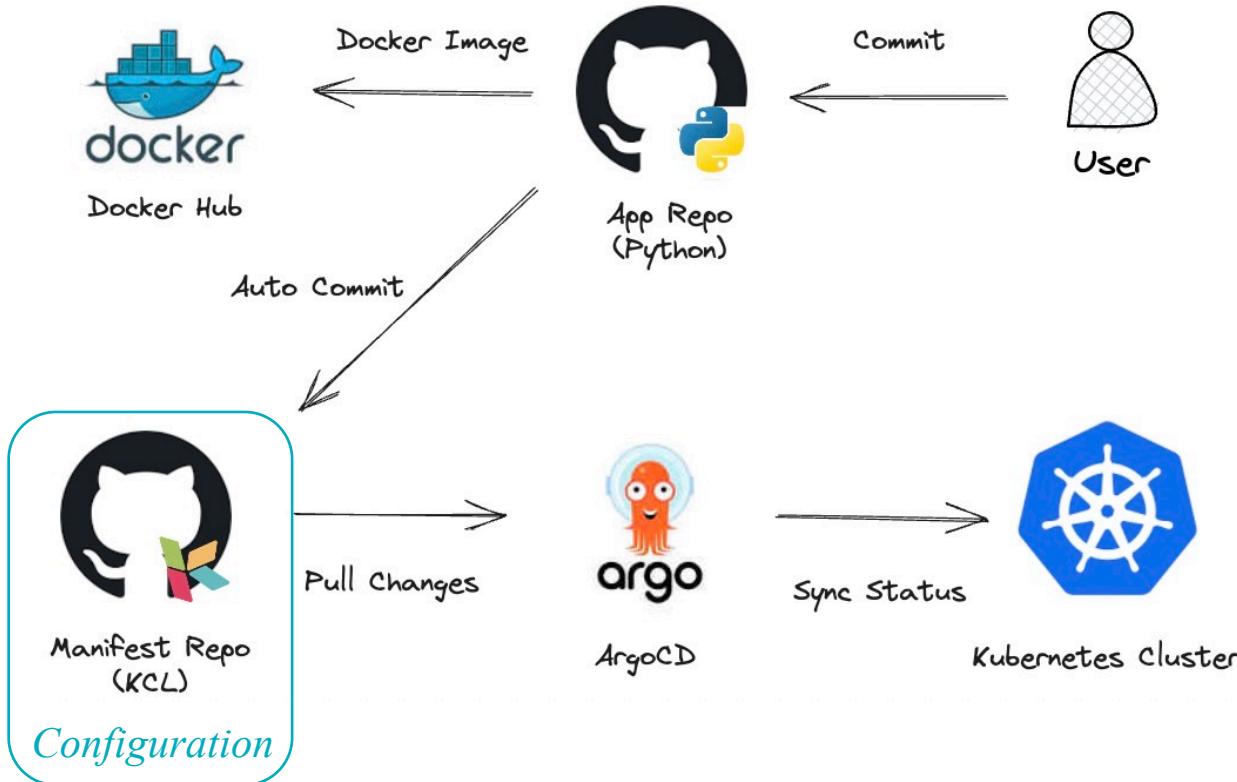
KCL Function

output KRM items

results

- *Unified Spec with KCL Function*
- *Programmable and Extensible*
- *Multiple Source Support: OCI, Git, Https, ...*

Automation



Commit

```
kcl code set image to kclang/flask_demo:6428cff4309afc8c1c40ad180bb9...  
...cf82546be3e
```

main

github-actions[bot] committed 3 minutes ago

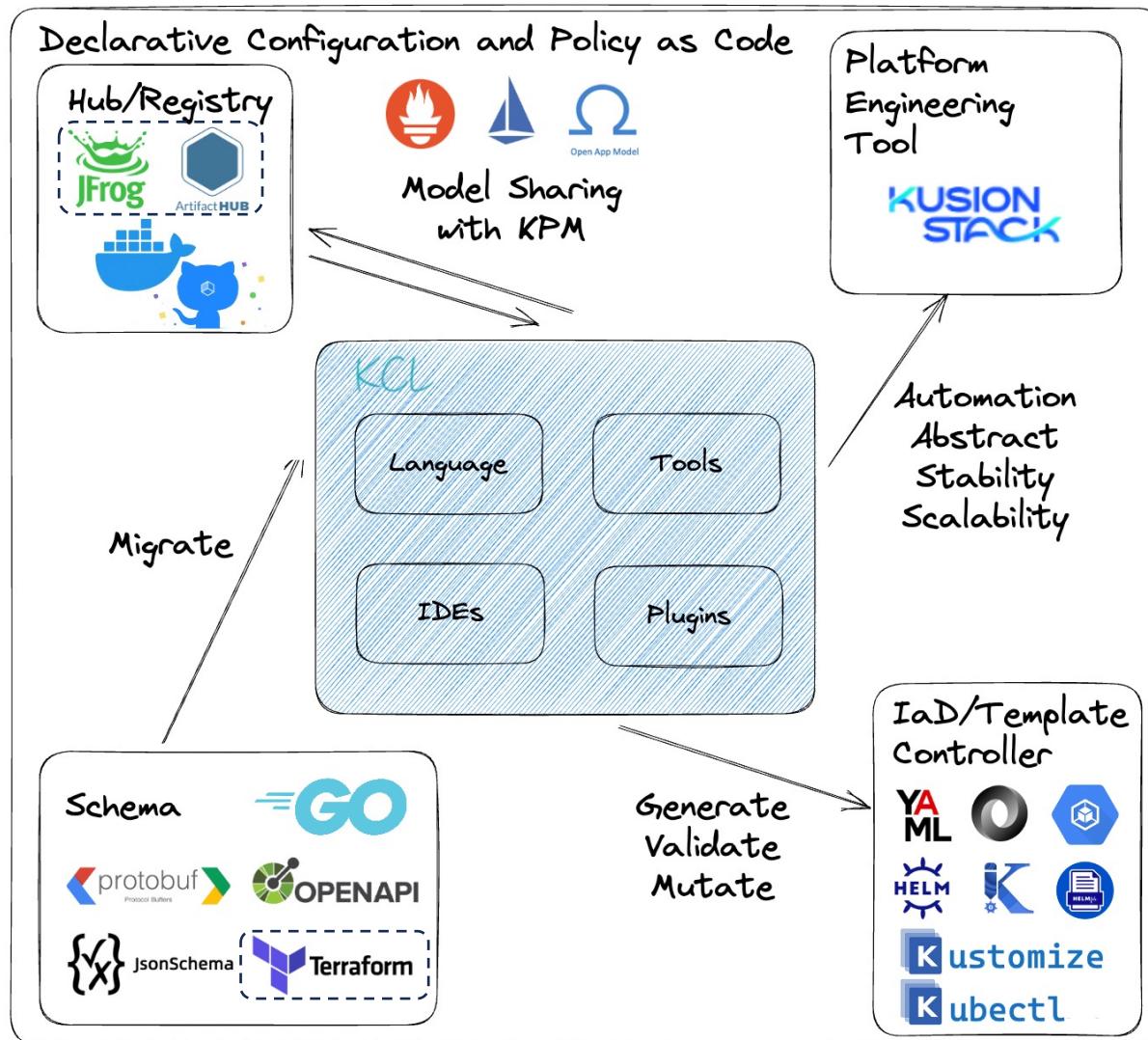
Showing 1 changed file with 1 addition and 1 deletion.

```
diff --git a/main.k b/main.k
--- a/main.k
+++ b/main.k
@@ -3,7 +3,7 @@ config = app.App {
  name = "flask_demo"
  containers: [
    flask_demo = {
-      image = "kclang/flask_demo:f1f2cbc0c4555d141e9f642fb12edaf34d0b723"
+      image = "kclang/flask_demo:6428cff4309afc8c1c40ad180bb9cf82546be3e"
    }
  ]
}
```

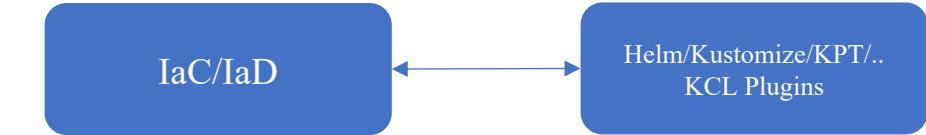
Configuration source driven workflow: Supports both standalone and KRM KCL form CI/CD Integration, GitOps Friendly

https://kcl-lang.io/docs/user_docs/guides/gitops/gitops-quick-start

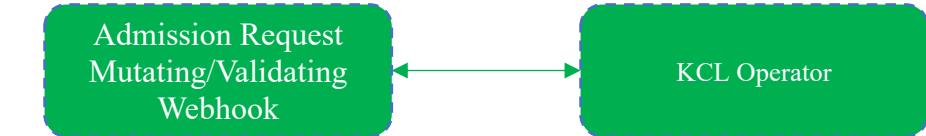
Integrations



Client



Server



SDKs



- **Multi-Lang Binding:** Go SDK, Python SDK, Java SDK, etc.
- **Package Management:** KPM Tool & Registry
- **Data and Schema Migration:** KCL Import tool
- **Cluster Integration:** KCL Operator instead of deploying webhooks.
- **KRM Support:** Unified spec and multiple tools e.g., kubectl-kcl plugin, helm-kcl plugin, kustomize-kcl plugin, kpt-kcl-plugin ...
- **Platform Engineering:** As the Dynamic Configuration Management (DCM) language to deliver applications with KusionStack

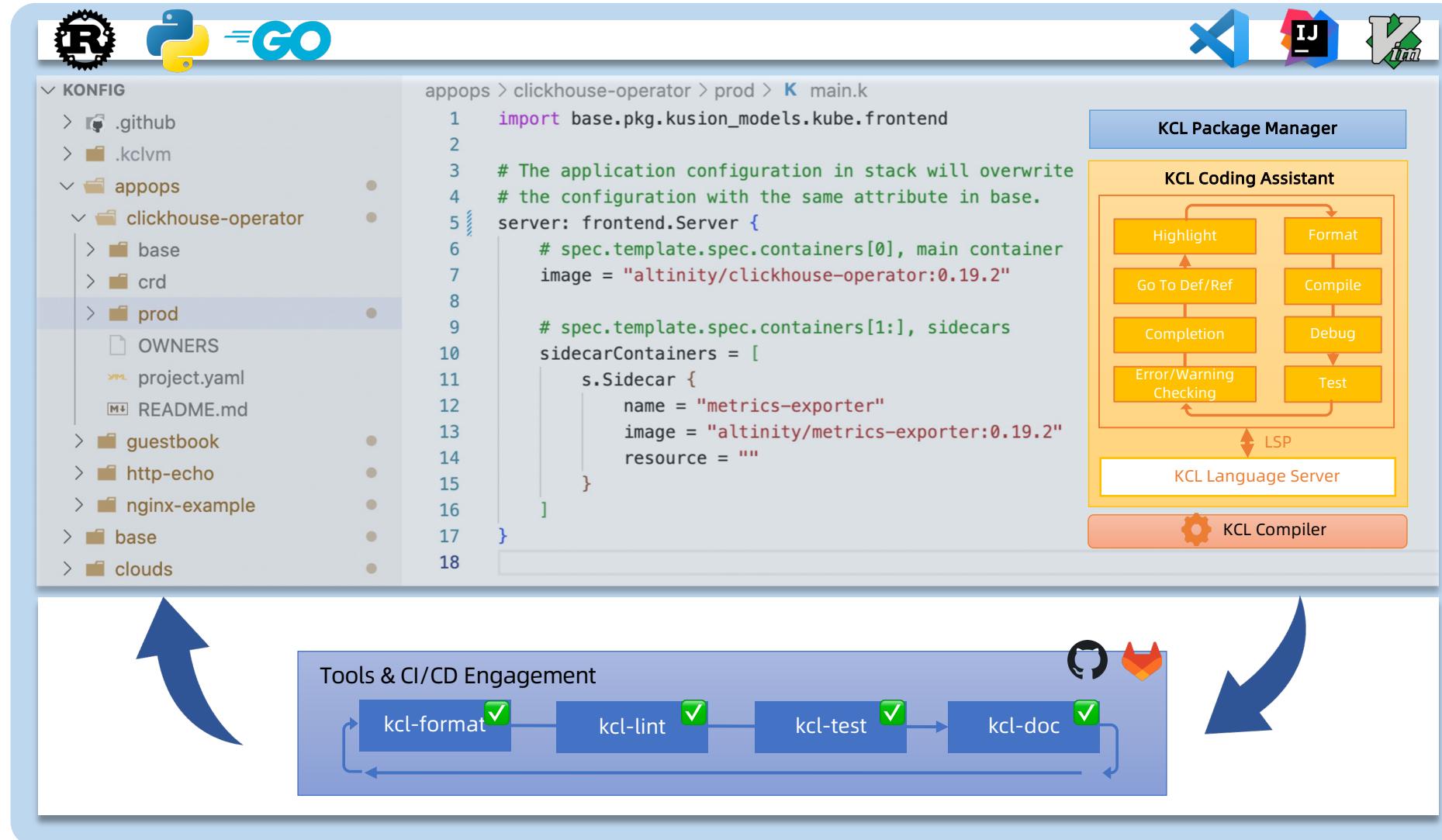
Architecture

03

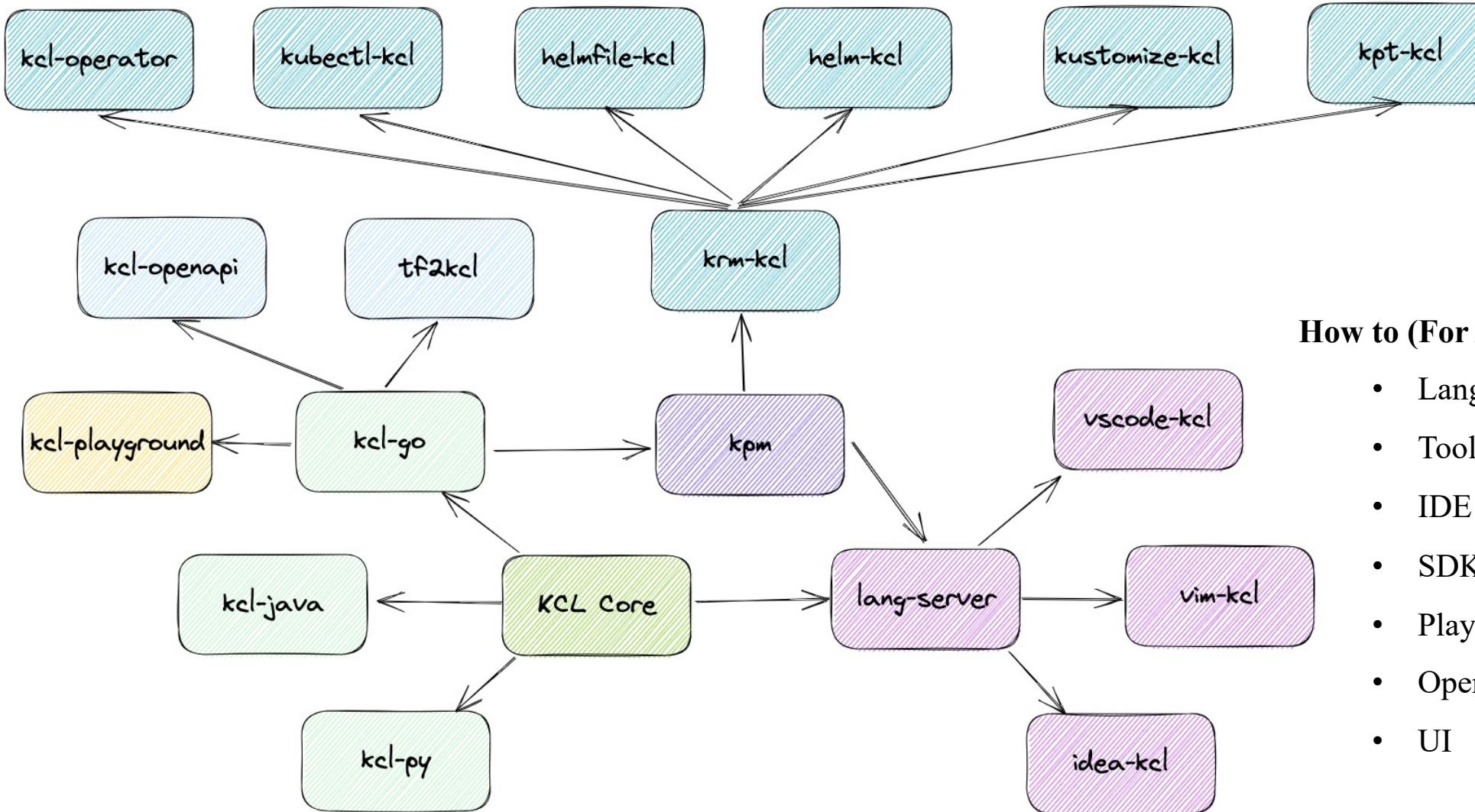
Workspace



Language + Tools + IDEs + SDKs + Plugins



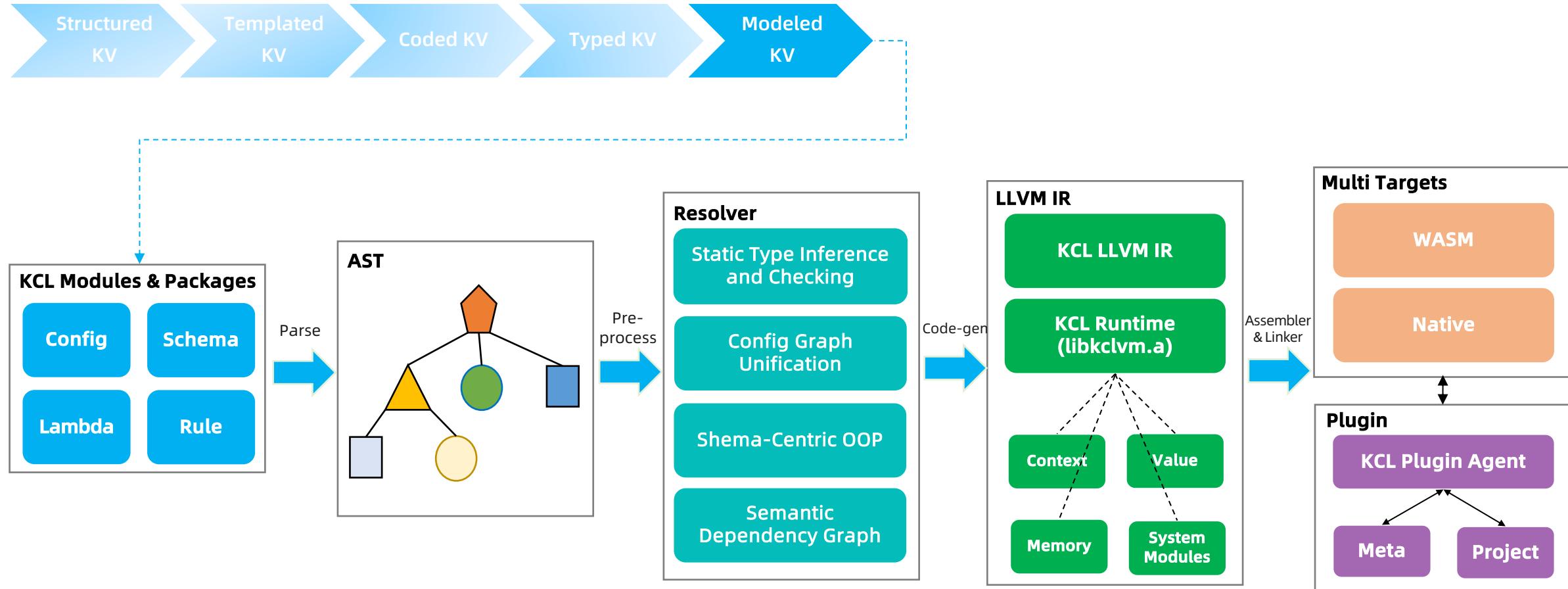
Components



How to (For App/Platform Dev & SRE)

- Lang
- Tools
- IDE
- SDKs
- Playground
- Operators
- UI

Language Core



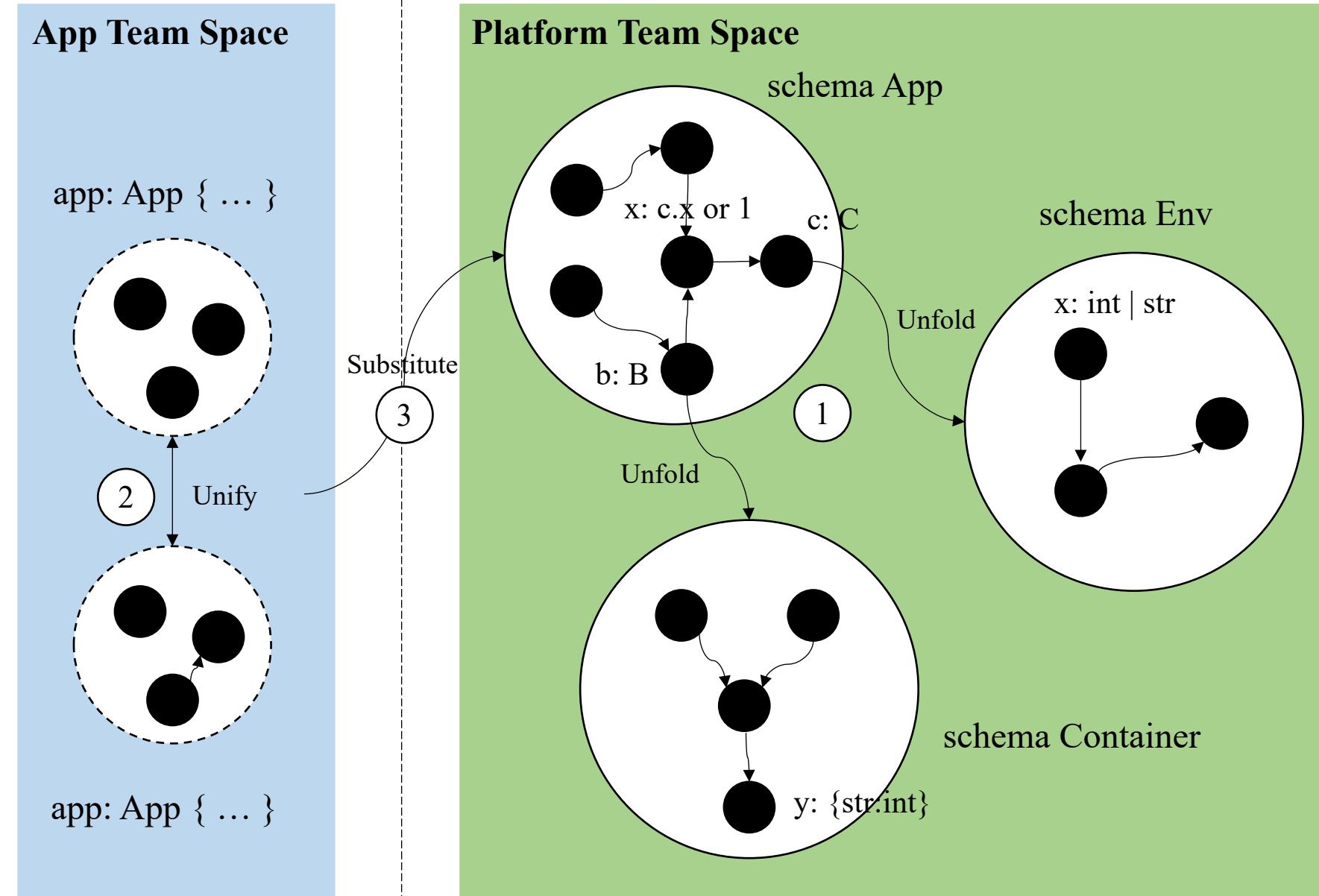
Spec Driven

KCL Spec

KCL Multi-Language Spec

KCL OpenAPI Spec

Graph Model



- ✓ **Config Generation**
 - ✓ Automatic merge
 - ✓ Multiple Merge Strategy
 - ✓ **Config Mutation**
 - ✓ Data Integration
 - ✓ CRUD API
 - ✓ **Config Validation**
 - ✓ Static Type
 - ✓ Validation
 - ✓ Immutability
 - ✓ **Config Abstraction**
 - ✓ Role based collaborative
- Dependency
- Attribute
- (dashed circle) Data
- Schema Definition

Evaluation

04

Related Projects



Pros.

- Easy to write and read
- Rich multi-language API
- Various Path Tools

Cons.

- Redundant information
- Insufficient functionality e.g. it difficult to maintain abstraction, constraint, ...

Tech.

- JSON
- YAML

Product

- Kustomize
- ...

Pros.

- Simple config logic support
- Dynamic argument input

Cons.

- Increase of argument makes abstraction, constraint, ...
- Insufficient functionality e.g. ...

Tech.

- Velocity

Product

- Go Template
- Helm
- ...

Pros.

- Required programming features
- Code modularity
- Templates & Data abstraction

Cons.

- Insufficient type constraints
- Insufficient restraint ability
- Runtime error

Tech.

- GCL
- HCL

Product

- Starlark
- Jsonnet...
- Terraform
- Tanka
- ytt

Pros.

- Rich config constraint syntax
- Unified type & value constraint
- Configuration conflict checking

Cons.

- Difficult to configuration override for multi-environment scenarios

- Runtime checks and limited performance

Tech.

Product

- CUE
- ...

Pros.

- Model-centric & constraint-centric
- Scalability on separated block writing with rich merge strategies

- Static type system & analysis
- High Performance

Cons.

- Expansion of different models requires investment in R&D

Tech.

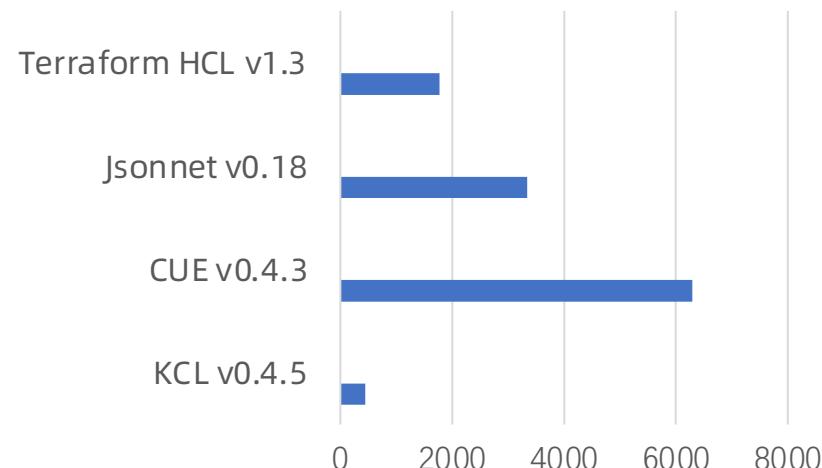
- KCL
- ...

Product

- KusionStack
- KRM-KCL Tools and Operators

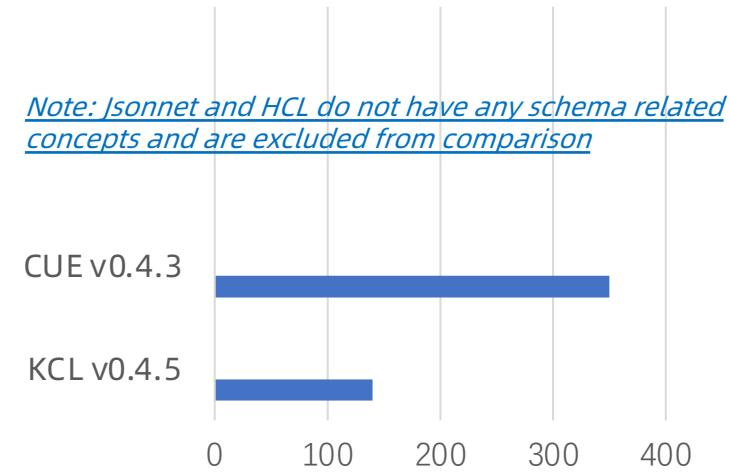
Loop and Function

```
a = lambda x: int, y: int -> int {  
    max([x, y])  
}  
temp = {"a${i}": a(1, 2) for i in range(10000)}
```



Kubernetes Configuration

```
import kubernetes.api.apps.v1  
  
deployment = v1.Deployment {}
```



Note: [Jsonnet](#) and [HCL](#) do not have any schema related concepts and are excluded from comparison

Test environment: single core macOS 10.15.7 CPU: i7-8850H 2.6GHz 32GB 2400Mhz DDR4 No NUMA, e2e run time (ms)

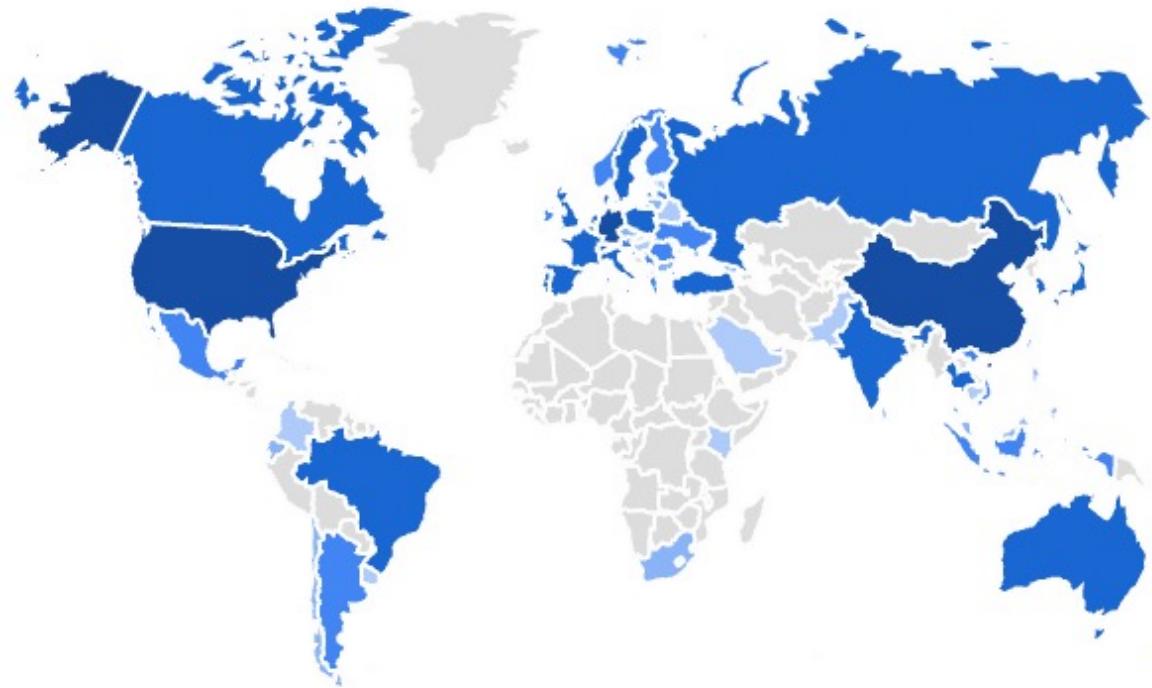
Roadmap



Community



Open source in *May 2022*



COUNTRY ID

United States

China

Germany

United Kingdom

Canada

France

India

~30 Releases

20+ Presentation & Blogs

8 Maintainers

~20 Contributors

Biweekly Community Meeting and Blogs

<https://github.com/kcl-lang/community>

Adopters



700+

Committers

~1M

KCL
Codes

10K+/day

KCL
Compilations



Use the [KCL OpenKruise -> Application abstraction](#) to support the middleware containerization configuration management in over [100+](#) clusters



Use [KCL](#) to solve the problems such as the difficulty in abstracting Terraform [HCL](#) and the lack of scalability can be solved to meet its SaaS configuration UI definition requirements with [2000+](#) KCL model code, [3+](#) KCL Plugins



Add more...

Resources



- Website
 - <https://kcl-lang.io/>
- GitHub Organization
 - <https://github.com/kcl-lang/kcl>
- Community
 - <https://github.com/kcl-lang/community>
- Twitter
 - [@kcl language](https://twitter.com/kcl_language)
- Slack
 - <https://kcl-lang.slack.com>
 - <https://kusionstack.slack.com>

THANKS